Juvenile Justice System Reform H-60.919

Topic: Children and Youth	Policy Subtopic: NA
Meeting Type: Interim	Year Last Modified: 2016
Action: Reaffirmed	Type: Health Policies
Council & Committees: Council on Science	undefined
and Public Health	

Our AMA:

- 1. Supports school discipline policies that permit reasonable discretion and consideration of mitigating circumstances when determining punishments rather than "zero tolerance' policies that mandate out-of-school suspension, expulsion, or the referral of students to the juvenile or criminal justice system.
- 2. Encourages continued research to identify programs and policies that are effective in reducing disproportionate minority contact across all decision points within the juvenile justice system.
- 3. Encourages states to increase the upper age of original juvenile court jurisdiction to at least 17 years of age.
- 4. Supports reforming laws and policies to reduce the number of youth transferred to adult criminal court.
- 5. Supports the re-authorization of federal programs for juvenile justice and delinquency prevention, which should include incentives for: (a) community-based alternatives for youth who pose little risk to public safety, (b) reentry and aftercare services to prevent recidivism, (c) policies that promote fairness to reduce disparities, and (d) the development and implementation of gender-responsive, trauma-informed programs and policies across juvenile justice systems.
- 6. Encourages juvenile justice facilities to adopt and implement policies to prohibit discrimination against youth on the basis of their sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression in order to advance the safety and well-being of youth and ensure equal access to treatment and services.
- 7. Encourages states to suspend rather than terminate Medicaid coverage following arrest and detention in order to facilitate faster reactivation and ensure continuity of health care services upon their return to the community.
- 8. Encourages Congress to enact legislation prohibiting evictions from public housing based solely on an individual's relationship to a wrongdoer, and encourages the Department of Housing and Urban Development and local public housing agencies to implement policies that support the use of discretion in making housing decisions, including consideration of the juvenile's rehabilitation efforts.

Policy Timeline

CSAPH Rep. 08, A-16

Reaffirmed: Res. 917, I-16